Quiz #5 - Economics 101 - Section 5
March 2, 2004

Last Name: ________________________  First Name:_____________________

Student Number:__________________

Instructions: Fill in your name and student number as indicated above. Complete all questions in the space provided on the sheet. The exam is out of 12 total points, 1 point for correctly entering your name and student number and 1 point for each question.

Quiz #5

Completion

Complete each sentence or statement.

1. In the ________ -run all inputs are variable.
2. The equation for average total cost is defined as ___________ cost divided by __________.
3. The equation for average variable cost is ___________ ____________ cost divided by __________.
4. Total cost is the sum of total variable costs and total ________ costs.
5. __________ cost is defined as the change in total cost divided by the change in quantity.
6. When doubling inputs leads to less than a doubling of output then we have ______________ of scale and the LRATC (long-run average total cost curve) is upward sloping.
7. When both input and long-run costs rise in proportion to one another, then production is characterized by __________ to scale and the LRATC curve is flat over this area.
8. Long run average total cost will never be __________ than short-run average total cost.
9. To produce a given level of output, the firm will choose the input mix with the __________ cost.
10. In the _________ -run at least one input is not variable.
11. Consider a firm that uses labor as an input to produce clothing. Given our discussion from last lecture, the __________ cost curve is decreasing when the marginal product of labor is increasing.
Quiz #5
Answer Section

COMPLETION

1. ANS: long
2. ANS: total, quantity
3. ANS: total variable, quantity
4. ANS: fixed
5. ANS: Marginal
6. ANS: diseconomies
7. ANS: constant returns
8. ANS: greater
9. ANS: lowest (smallest) etc.
10. ANS: short
11. ANS: marginal